THE Boston-Gazette, AND COUNTRY JOURNAL. No. 1006.

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

MONDAY, July 25, 1774.

At a Meeting of Sixty Gentlemen, Deputies of the several Towns in the County of Berkshire, appointed to consult and advise what was necessary and prudent to be done by the Inhabitants of this County in the present alarming Situation of our public Affairs, met at Stockbridge July 6, 1774.

JOHN ASHLEY, Esq; unanimously chosen Chairman.

Mr. Theodore Sedgwick chosen Clerk.

Mr. Williams, Mr. Sedgwick, Mr. Curtis, Mr. Brown and Mr. Hopkins, being appointed, reported the following Resolves, viz.

1. RESOLVED, That King GEORGE the Third is our rightful King, and that we will bear true Allegiance to him.

2. *Resolved*, That the Inhabitants of his Majesty's Colonies in America, are justly intitled to all the Rights and Liberties that the Inhabitants of Great-Britain are intitled to, which Rights and Liberties have been particularly confirmed to the Inhabitants of this Province by Charter.

3. *Resolved*, That it is one of the grand Rights and Liberties of said Inhabitants of Great-Britain, that they cannot constitutionally be deprived of their Property, but by their own Consent.

4. *Resolved*, That the late Acts of the British Parliament, for *giving* and *granting* to his *Majesty* a *Duty* upon all Teas, imported from Great-Britain into America, which Duty by said Acts is made payable here, for the Purpose of raising a Revenue, was made without the Consent of the Inhabitants of America; whereby their Property is taken from them without their Consent; and therefore ought to be opposed in all legal and prudent Ways.

5. *Resolved*, That it is an undoubted Right of the Inhabitants of said Colonies in all Actions to be tried by their Peers of the Vicinity; and therefore that all those Acts of the British Parliament, that any way respect the collecting the Duties aforesaid, whereby the *Trial by Jury* is taken away, or whereby the ancient *Trial by Jury* is in any Way altered, are unconstitutional and oppressive.

6. *Resolved*, That wherever any Franchises and Liberties are granted to a Corporation or Body Politic, those Franchises and Liberties cannot legally be taken from such Corporations and Bodies Politic, but by their Consent or by Forfeiture: That the Inhabitants of this Province have many great and invaluable Franchises and Liberties granted to them by Charter, which Franchises and Liberties have not been forfeited or resigned by said Inhabitants: That by the late Acts of the British Parliament, some of the most valuable of those Franchises and Liberties of the said Inhabitants are taken from them without even the Form of a Trial. Therefore,

7. *Resolved*, That it is the indispensible Duty of every Person who would preserve to himself and Posterity, the inestimable Blessings of Liberty, by all constitutional Ways and Means in his Power, to endeavour to avert the much dreaded Consequences of these arbitrary and oppressive Acts; and that for that Purpose, it is prudent for the Inhabitants of the said Colonies to enter into an Agreement not to purchase or consume the Manufactures of Great-Britain, under such Limitations and Exceptions as shall be agreed upon; and that such a Non-Consumption Agreement is neither unwarrantable, hostile, traiterous nor contrary to our Allegiance due to the King; but tends to promote the Peace, good Order, and Safety of the Community.

Which said Report being maturely considered, it was put to Vote, Paragraph by Paragraph, and each and every Paragraph thereof is unanimously accepted.

A Committee being appointed to make Draught of the Form of a Solemn League and Covenant, to be recommended to be Signed by the Inhabitants of this County, to prevent the Consumption of the Merchandize of Great-Britain; the following Draught is reported, viz.

Whereas the Parliament of Great-Britain, have of late undertaken to give and grant away our Money, without our Knowledge or Consent; and in Order to compel us to a servile Submission to the above Measures, have proceeded to block up the Harbour of Boston; also have or are about to vacate the Charter, and repeal certain Laws of this Province heretofore enacted by the General Court, *and confirmed by the* King *and his* Predecessors (1) *Therefore as a Mean to obtain a speedy Redress of the aforesaid Grievances, we do hereby solemnly and in good Faith* Covenant *and* Engage *with each other*,

1. That we will not import, purchase or consume, or suffer any Person by, for or under us, to import, purchase or consume, in any Manner whatever, any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, which shall arrive in America from Great-Britain, from and after the First Day of October One Thousand seven Hundred and seventy-four, or such other Time as shall hereafter be agreed upon by the American Congress, nor any Goods, which shall be ordered from thence after this Day, untill our Charter and constitutional Rights shall be restored or untill it shall be determined by the Major Part of our Brethren in this and the neighbouring Colonies, that a Non-Importation and Non-Consumption Agreement will not have a Tendency to effect the desired End, or untill it shall be apparent that a Non-Importation or Non-Consumption Agreement will not be entered into by the Majority of this and the neighbouring Colonies, except such Articles as the said general Congress of North America shall agree to import, purchase and consume. (2)

2. We do further Covenant and Agree that we will observe the most strict Obedience to all constitutional Laws and Authority, and will at all Times exert ourselves to the utmost, for the Discouragement of all Licentiousness, and suppressing all Mobs and Riots.

3. We will exert ourselves as far as in us lies, in promoting Love, Peace and Unanimity among each other; and for that End we engage to avoid all unnecessary Law-Suits whatever.

4. As a strict and proper Adherence to this present Agreement will (if not seasonably provided against) involve us in many Difficulties and Inconveniencies; we do promise and agree, that we will take the most prudent Care for the raising and preserving Sheep, for the manufacturing all such Clothes as shall be most useful and necessary; for the raising of Flax and manufacturing Linens. Further, that we will by every prudent Method endeavour to guard against all those Inconveniencies which may otherwise arise, from the foregoing Agreement.

5. That if any Person shall refuse to sign this or a similar Covenant, or after having signed it, shall not adhere to the real Intent and Meaning thereof, he or they shall be treated by us, with all that Neglect they justly deserve.

6. That if this or a similar Covenant shall (after the First Day of August next) be offered to any Trader or Shop-keeper in this County, and he or they shall refuse to sign the same, for the Space of forty-eight Hours, that we will not from thenceforth purchase any Articles of British Manufactures from him or them, untill such Time as he or they shall sign this or a similar Covenant.

Witness our Hands, this Day of July, Anno Domini. 1774.

Which being several Times distinctly read, it was put Paragraph by Paragraph, and accepted.

This Congress, in Deference to the Resolves of the late House of Representatives, in Imitation of the pious Example of the Rev. the Pastors of the Associated Churches in the Town of Boston, and from a Sense of their Dependance on *God* for every Mercy, do earnestly recommend to all Denominations of Christians in this County, to set apart and observe Thursday the Fourteenth Day of July Current, as a Day of public Fasting and Prayer, to implore the Divine Assistance, that he would in Mercy interpose and avert all those Evils with which we are threatened.

And each and every Member of this Congress are enjoined to inform the several Ministers of the several religious Assemblies to which they belong hereof.

Voted, That the several Members of this Congress do recommend to the Charity of the Inhabitants of the several Towns and Places to which they belong, the distressed Circumstances of the poor of the Towns of Boston and Charlestown, and that whatever shall be collected for them be remitted in Fat Cattle in the next Fall, by such Ways & Means as shall be hereafter agreed upon.

Voted unanimously, That Thanks be given to Col. Ashley, for his constant Attendance, Uprightness and Impartiality as Chairman.

Voted, That the Clerk be enjoined to make a fair Copy of the Proceedings of this Meeting, and transmit the same to the Committee of Correspondence of the Town of Boston. (3)

Voted to Dissolve this Meeting; and it is Dissolved accordingly.

The foregoing is a true Copy.

Attest THEODORE SEDGWICK, Clerk.

N. B. The Proceedings aforesaid were preceded by an animated Prayer, made by the Rev'd Mr. West.

BOSTON July 21.

We hear from Cambridge that yesterday the Degrees were conferred on the Candidates by a general Diploma; of which the following is an exemplification, *viz.*

SENATUS Academiæ Cantabrigiensis in Nova Anglia, omnibus in Christo fidelibus ad quos præsentes literæ pervenerint, salutem in Domino sempiternam.

Notum facimus, quod Nos (consentientibus Honorandis admodum ac Reverendis Academiæ nostræ Inspectoribus) per præsentes admittimus

Dominos

Daniel Adams	Thomam Loring
Josephum Allen	Benjamin Lovell
Jonathan Allen	Nathan Morey
Fisher Ames	Benjamin Muzzy
Edvardum Barnard	Brinley Silvester Oliver
Franciscum Borland	Daniel Parker
Johannem Bradford	Benjamin Putnam
Jabez Chickering	Jacobum Putnam
Johannem Clarke	Johannem Rice
Josephum Crocker	Thomam Rindge Rogers
Isaiam Doane	Jacobum Sheaffe
Ricardum Rosewell Elliot	Josiam Smith
Josephum Emerson	Moisem Taft
Samuel Emery	Johannem Thaxter
Abel Fisk	Nathaniel Thomas
Gulielmum Fogg	Benjamin Thurston
Timotheum Dwight	Onesiphorum Tuckstone
Gulielmum Gallison	Johannem Tucker
Asahel Goodenow	Jahacobum Welsh
Josephum Hall	Laban Wheaton
Josephum Haven	Bela Whipple
Gulielmum Hobart	Thomam Rice Willard
Gulielmum Jennison	Timotheum Trumball
Samuel Jennison	
Robertum Junkins	Jacobum Ivers

Antedictæ Academiæ Alumnos, ad Primum Gradum in Artibus.

Dominos etiam Abiel Smith, admissum ad Baccalaureatum, Anno 1764.
Ephraim Wales, Anno 1768.
Thomam Kast, Anno 1769.
et Johannem Winthrop, Anno 1770.

Samuel-Hirst Sparhawk	Josephum Avery
Jacobum Bowdoin	Johannem Frothingham
Andream Bradford	Michael Joy
Samuel Paine	David Osgood
Gulielmum Vassall	Johannem Warren
Samuel Phillips	Crocker Sampson
Daniel Murray	Samuel Nye
Daniel Rogers	Gulielmum Scott
Josephum Emerson	Abraham Watson
Johannem Alford Mason	Thomam Edwards
David Parsons	Perez Morton
Walter Hastings	Jonathan Norwood
Jahacobum Bacon	Melzar Turner Oakman
Moisem Hale	Israel Keith
David Toppan	Nathaniel Dickinson
Samuel Plummer	Johannem Noyes
Johannem White	Gad Stebbins
Josephum Pearse Palmer	Moisem Everett
Gulielmum Cheever	Moisem Adams
Greenleaf Dole	Samuel Wheeler
Zedekiam Sangar	Benjamin Curtis
Isaac Bangs	Jonathan French
Johannem Tracy	Gulielmum Scales
Josiam Dodge	Benjamin Hasey
Daniel Tyler	

Alumnos quoque Academiæ antedictæ ad Secundum Gradum in Artibus, dantes et concedentes iis omnia insignia, jura, privilegia, dignitates ac honores ad Gradus suos spectantia.

In cujus rei testimonium, communi hujusce Universitatis Sigillo Literis hisce appenso, Chirographa apposuimus, Die vicesimo Julii, Anno Salutis Millesimo, septingentesimo septuagesimo quarto.

LOCUS SIGILLI. NATHANAEL APPLETON, JOHANNES WINTHROP, ANDREAS ELIOT, SAMUEL COOPER, JOHANNES WADSWORTH, Socii.

JOHANNES HANCOCK, Thesaurarius.

(5) See in Index under Donations. (6) vid Covenant pa. 519. & agreement of the Provincial Congress pa. 608 & of the Continental Congress pa. 608

(1) See List of Grievances, pa. 970, &c. (2) See the Charter, pa. 1077, Vol. 2. (3) See act, pa. 735. Vol. 1. 608. 608
(4) Almost all the acts lately passed do so, see Index under acts of Parlia. (5) See act, pa. 735. (6) See a Covenant, pa. 519.
(7) See Port act, pa. 499. (8) See pa. 509, 532. (2) Pa. 517. (3) See their Names, pa. 1057. (4) See Index, under Congress

RESOLUTIONS

UNANIMOUSLY *entered into by the Inhabitants of* SOUTH CAROLINA, *at a* GENERAL MEETING, *held at* CHARLES TOWN *in the said Colony, on* Wednesday, Thursday *and* Friday *the* 6th, 7th *and* 8th *Days of* July 1774.

Resolved, THAT his Majesty's Subjects in North-America owe the same Allegiance to the Crown of Great-Britain, that is due from His Subjects born in Great-Britain.

Resolved, That His Majesty's Subjects in America are intitled to all the inherent Rights and Liberties of his natural-born Subjects within the Kingdom of Great-Britain.

Resolved, That it is repugnant to the Rights of the People, that any Taxes should be imposed on them, unless with their own Consent, given personally, or by their Representatives.

Resolved, That it is a fundamental Right which his Majesty's Liege Subjects are intitled unto, That no Man should suffer in his Person or Property without a fair Trial, and Judgment given, by his Peers, or by the Law of the Land.

Resolved, That all Trials of Treason, Misprision of Treason, or for any Felony or Crime whatever, committed and done in his Majesty's Colony, by any Person or Persons residing therein, ought of Right to be had and conducted in and before His Majesty's Courts held within the said Colony, according to the fixed and known Course of Proceeding, and that the Seizing any Person or Persons residing in this Colony, suspected of any Crime whatever committed therein, and sending such Person or Persons to Places beyond the Sea to be tried, is oppressive and illegal, and highly derogatory to the Rights of British Subjects; as thereby the inestimable Privilege of being tried by a Jury from the Vicinage, as well as the Benefit of summoning and procuring Witnesses on such Trial, will be taken away from the Party accused.

Resolved, That the Statute made in the 35th Year of Henry VIII. Chap. 2, entitled, "an Act for the Trial of Treasons committed out of the King's Dominions" does not extend, and cannot, but by an arbitrary & cruel Construction be construed to extend, to Treasons, Misprisions of Treasons, or Concealment of Treasons committed in any of his Majesty's American Colonies, where there is sufficient Provision, by the Law of the Land, for the impartial Trial of all such Persons as are charged with, and for the due Punishment of, those Offences. (1)

Resolved, That the late Act for shutting up the Port of Boston, and the two Bills relative to Boston, which, by the last Accounts from Great-Britain, had been brought into Parliament, there read and committed, are of the most alarming Nature to all his Majesty's Subjects in America—are calculated to deprive many Thousand Americans of their Rights, Properties and Privileges, in a most cruel, oppressive and unconstitutional Manner—are most dangerous Precedents, and, tho' levelled immediately at the People of Boston, very manifestly and glaringly shew, if the Inhabitants of that Town are INTIMIDATED INTO A MEAN SUBMISSION TO SAID ACTS, that the like are designed for all the Colonies; when not even the Shadow of Liberty to his Person, or of Security to his Property, will be left to any of his Majesty's Subjects residing on the American Continent.

Resolved therefore, That not only the Dictates of Humanity, but the soundest Principles of true Policy and Self-Preservation, make it absolutely necessary, for the Inhabitants of all the Colonies in America to assist and support the People of Boston, by all lawful Ways in their Power; and especially, to leave no justifiable Means untried to procure a Repeal of those Acts immediately relative to them, and also of all others affecting the constitutional Rights and Liberties of America in general. As the best Means to effect this most desirable End,

Resolved, That Henry Middleton, John Rutledge, Christopher Gadsden, Thomas Lynch and Edward Rutledge, Esqrs. be and they are hereby nominated and appointed Deputies, on the Part and Behalf of this Colony, to meet the Deputies of the several Colonies of North-America, in general Congress, the first Monday in September next, at Philadelphia, or at any other Time or Place that may be generally agreed on; there to consider the Acts lately passed, and Bills depending in Parliament, with Regard to the Port of Boston and Province of Massachusetts-Bay, which Acts and Bills, in the Precedent and Consequences, affect the whole Continent—also the Grievances under which America labours by Reason of the several Acts of Parliament that impose Taxes or Duties for raising a Revenue, and lay unnecessary Restraints and Burdens on Trade—and of the Statutes, Parliamentary Acts and Royal Instructions which make an invidious Distinction between His Majesty's Subjects in Great-Britain and in America—with full Power and Authority, in behalf of us and our Constituents, to concert, agree to, and effectually prosecute such legal Measures (by which we, for ourselves and them, most solemnly engage to abide) as in the Opinion of the said Deputies, and of the Deputies so to be assembled, shall be most likely to obtain a Repeal of the said Acts, and a Redress of those Grievances.

Resolved, That we will agree to pay the Expence of such Gentlemen as may be fixed upon to be sent upon this Business. (5)

Resolved, That while the oppressive Acts relative to Boston are enforced, we will chearfully, from Time to Time, contribute towards the Relief of such poor Persons there, whose unfortunate Circumstances, occasioned by the Operation of those Acts, may be thought to stand in Need of such Assistance. *See Index under Donations*

Resolved, That we will, by all Means in our Power, endeavour to preserve Harmony and Union amongst all the Colonies.

Resolved, That a Committee of Ninety-nine Persons be now appointed, to act as a General Committee, to correspond with the Committees of the other Colonies, and do all Matters & Things necessary to carry these Resolutions into Execution; and that any Twenty one of them met together may proceed on Business—their Power to continue till the next General Meeting.—And in Case of the Death, Departure from the Province, or Refusal to act of any or either of them, the Parish or District for which such Person dying, removing, or refusing to act, was chosen, shall fill up the Vacancy.

The COMMITTEE were then accordingly chosen.

vid. Pa. 548

NEW-YORK, July 18.

Wednesday Night last our Committee of Correspondence met, and drew up a Set of Resolves on the present alarming Occasion, which were printed in Hand Bills, and sent about the Town the next Morning, for the Approbation of the Inhabitants thereof; who are to assemble at the Coffee-House To-Morrow at 12 o'Clock, either to approve or disapprove of the same. At the same Time the People are to testify their Approbation of the five Gentlemen nominated by the Committee to attend as Delagates at the general Congress, viz. Mr. Duane, Mr. Philip Livingston, Mr. John Alsop, Mr. Isaac Low, and Mr. John Jay. (5)

NEWPORT, *July* 18.

Many parts of the Country are raising subscriptions for the humane and generous purpose of supporting the poor of Boston; and there would have been a subscription vigorously put forward in this town, last week, had it not been for the supplies which were sent from other parts, on which account it was thought best to omit it till the next session of our Assembly, when 'tis not doubted they will do something handsome, it being absolutely more necessary to assist the inhabitants of that town in this last struggle for American liberty, than if it had been laid in ashes. *see Index, under Donations*

Yesterday arrived here the brig Caty, Capt. James Frost, in nine Weeks from London.

The most authentic accounts by Capt. Frost are, That the people in England are so anxious to bear the reception the infamous PORT-BILL *met with, as if their lives depended on the event; that many imagined the appearance of the troops and ships would strike such a panic into the Bostonians, that they would immediately submit, and pay for the tea; that others were afraid the southern colonies would absolutely refuse to support them, and that they must give up; but that universally, except court sycophants, ministerial tools and hungry dependants, they wished, devoutly wished, the colonies to unite, and stand firm, otherwise liberty would be banished the face of the earth, or at least be no where found but in wilds and deserts! That the tradesmen began to be very fearful of our stopping trade, a considerable number of whom would have embarked with Capt. Frost, but that he could not bring them; and that it was generally thought, if the Colonies stood out, as became free-born Americans, that curse to the nation, Lord North, would soon be in danger of losing his head, the people being almost ripe for any thing.*

PORTSMOUTH, July 22.

On Wednesday last arrived here the Ship Dartmouth, Capt. Giddings from London, but brings nothing later than we have already had.

On the same Day arrived the Sloop Molly, Capt. Odiorne, in 7 Days from Halifax, being the same Vessel that carried the TEA from this Place; The Captain assures us that he safely landed that disagreeable Commodity there, though much against the Minds of the Inhabitants, who are determined not purchase it. TEA is sold there at Half a Dollar per Pound.

UNITED WE STAND—DIVIDED WE FALL.

BOSTON, July 25.

Extract of a Letter from Alexandria, (Virginia,) to a Gentleman in Town, dated July 6, 1774.

"The following Subscription for the Benefit and Relief of those, (the industrious Poor of the Town of Boston,) who by the late cruel Act of Parliament, are deprived of their daily Labour and Bread, to prevent the Inhabitants sinking under the Oppression or Migrating, to keep up that manly Spirit that has made them dear to every American, through the Envy of an arbitrary Parliament, is from the County of Fairfax, in this Colony, viz £.273 in Specie, (equal to Lawful,) 38 Barrels of Flour, and 150 Bushels of Wheat. —This Subscription being but few Days on Foot, we have not had an Opportunity to present it to the Country in general; a larger Sum will be given.—Mr. Henly Yesterday returned from Dumfriss, after consulting the Committee of Prince-William County, in which a Subscription is going on generously; this Day he sets out to consult the Committees of Loudoun and Frederick Counties, in each of which, a Spirit, becoming generous and free born Sons of Liberty, are in the like Manner testified: Indeed all Virginia and Maryland are contributing for the Relief of Boston. (2) — The Subscription is to be laid out in Corn and Flour, to be shipped and consigned to the Hon. James Bowdoin & John Hancock, Esqrs. Mr. Samuel Adams, Isaac Smith, Esq; and the Gentlemen Committee of Correspondence in Boston, to be distributed in such Manner as they shall think most proper, among the Persons reduced to Want and Indigence by Means of the cruel and unjust Acts of Parliament. We are in Expectation of our Schooner Nassau every Day, shall load her with a Cargo to be presented as by the inclosed Paper.—Our Association was put off, as the People from the Country could not attend, being in the Midst of Harvest and bad Weather, they would have lost much Grain.—But be assured Virginia and Maryland are determined to unite with the Colonies—Firmness and Intrepidity is their Character." *See Index, under Donations*

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman of the first Character and Fortune in Charlestown, South-Carolina, to his Friend at Boston, dated 22 July, 1774.

"Your Situation at this Time is truly *hazardous* and *trying*, but *you will not fail for want of Support, because* ALL BRITISH AMERICA ARE YOUR FRIENDS. For GOD's Sake BE FIRM and *discreet* at this Time. The good People of this Colony have sent you one Sloop-Load of Rice, and *we shall send you more.* I should suppose that a Non Im-and-Non-Exportation would bring us Relief.—I think this seems to be the Sense of almost all the Colonies. (4)—And such a Measure would place America in such a consequential Point of View, as would astonish all Europe. I think we have the Cards in our own Hands; but if we do not play them with Caution, we shall be juggled out of the Game.

"OUR *Fears* are *about you, that you may despond*, AND GIVE UP; for I am sorry to see you *have* SO MANY ADDERS *in your own Bosom, who may sting you to Death.*—Pity it is, that Hutchinson should have gone Home with so many Names to ADDRESSES (4) *it will do you no good*, BUT MUCH HURT, I fear.

"At this Time of imminent Danger, POLITICKS should be the Theme of the Day, and our Dreams at Night should be of the Situation of our Country.—However bad it is, *if* BOSTON DOES BUT PERSEVERE, *and be prudent*, HER SISTERS and NEIGHBOURS will *work out her Salvation, without recourse to* ARMS.—UNANIMITY must be THE GREAT LEADING STARR."

I am, &c.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentlemen in Rhode-Island, to his Friend in this Town, dated July 22, 1774.

"Two Vessels from Charlestown, South-Carolina, arrived here last Night; they have subscribed 2000 Tierces of Rice for your Town;—two Vessels were loading for Boston with some of the Rice when the last Advices came away." (a)

Thursday last the Delegates from the several Towns in the Province of New-Hampshire met at Exeter, when they made Choice of Col. Nathaniel Folsom of Exeter, and Major John Sullavin of Durham, to represent that Province at the general Congress. (5)

By a very late Letter, we are informed that the People of New-York have unanimously Voted that the Resolves proposed to them were destitute of vigour, sense and integrity—that they have chosen a Committee of fifteen Persons to draw up new Resolves, and that Messi'rs McDougal and Lispenard two unexceptionable Friends of Liberty were added to the Delegates.

A Correspondent says, It is expected that the CONGRESS will recommend to the People of this Continent to enter into an Engagement not to purchase any Goods of the English East India Company, or their Factors, until the Company hath made *Compensation* to Boston, and other Towns on the Continent, which have suffered in Consequence of said Company's *basely* sending their *detested Tea* to America. *See Index, under Tea*

Mr. PELATIAH WEBSTER of Philadelphia has given Orders to his Correspondent here to pay into the Hands of the Treasurer of the Committee for receiving Donations, *Ten Pounds* Lawful Money, for the Use of the industrious Poor who are now suffering in Consequence of the Boston Port Bill. (3) *See Index, under Donations.*

Last Week the Corporation of Harvard College made Choice of the Rev. Dr. SAMUEL LANGDON of Portsmouth as President of that Society.

Last Saturday Night departed this Life, Mr. Johnson Jackson, Aged 68 Years,—His Funeral is To-Morrow at 5 o'Clock Afternoon, where his Friends & Acquaintance are desired to attend.

DIED.] Mr. Elisha Eaton, Housewright.

On the 15th Instant, at New-York, John Aspinwall, Esq; a noted Merchant of that Place, Æt. 63.

——— On the 17th Instant, at his Seat in Lancaster, MICHAEL TROBLETT, Esq; Æt. 61.

[*The Address to Governor* GAGE, *we are obliged to omit this Week for want of Room.*]

---

1 & The colony of New York went into this mode of choosing members for the Congress, viz each County chose Members for themselves, & sent 'em to the Congress, vid. Braintree paper Sept. 1

(1) See Resolves of House Lords, & Commons Pa. 436, 444, 468, Vol. 2.

2) See each Pa. 499, & See Pa. 509, 532. & See a List of Grievances, Pa. 97 & 98.

See in Index, under Troops, & Ships & See Sea destroy'd Pa. 415. &

(3) See Pa. 525 & See their Names, Pa. 1087.

(4) See Index under Address

(a) See Index, under Donations

(5) See Index under Congress Continental

Dr Eliot was chose, who refused, See Fleets Paper July 25. th & these resolves, & voted £300 Sterling a peice to their Members of the Congress vid Fleets paper, Aug. 29, 1774. & He was installed in Oct.r 1774 vid

Meſſieurs EDES & GILL,

IT is confidently ſaid that a Number of Monied Men, ſuch as L—c W[1]—w and among the Reſt the pious Dr. P[2]—n, have combined together to furniſh Monies to let on Intereſt to Perſons in the Country on expreſs Condition of their giving their Votes and Intereſt at Elections for ſuch Perſons as ſhall be recommended to them; and the famous Col. Jones of Weſton is to be the Manager of this new Scheme of Corruption. We have now ſtood a Nine Years Siege of Bullying and endeavouring to gain old Birds with the Chaff of Smiles and Commiſſions; but finding Men in all Ages and Countries pretty nearly alike, Philip has at laſt recurred to the *potent Argument* which has convinced nearly all Mankind, that Tyranny is the beſt Kind of Civil Government. I ſincerely hope, my dear Fellow-Countrymen, that there will be *one People* at leaſt, found too wiſe and virtuous to be the Gudgeons of ſuch an infernal Conſpiracy of Traitors to the Conſtitution of this yet happy Country; and ſpurn their fatal Hook let them bait it in what Manner they pleaſe. Is not this conſonant with the Advice received in Captain Loring, that *Money* was now concluded upon as the ſole Means to be depended on to anſwer the Ends of Adminiſtration? And does not this account for the pious Hutchinſon's Rejection of the Bill againſt Bribery and Corruption? Col. Jones, it is remembered, was as much concerned leſt this Bill ſhould produce Perjuries and other bad Conſequences, as certain Gentlemen are that the Non-Conſumption Agreement will have thoſe dreadful Effects.

What an obſtinate, what a ſilly Cabal of State Sharpers are we plagued with! Eternally ſtriving to impoſe Cheats on men a Thouſand Times more knowing than themſelves. *In vain*, ſays Solomon, *is a Net ſpread in the Sight of any Bird.* But theſe Wiſeacres dig Pits in the Sight of all Men, and when they find they cannot draw People into one, they in a like open Manner dig, and ſtrive to force them into another.

Vid. Pa. 541. PRÆDICUS.

PHILADELPHIA, July 11.

Extract of a Letter from Wincheſter, in Virginia, to a Gentleman in this City, dated June 21ſt, 1774.

"We are here inliſting all the Men that can be got to go againſt the Indians; there are ſome Companies gone out and more will go this Week, they are promiſed by Government 50s. a Month; we are informed that upwards of 2000 men are gone againſt them from the Upper Counties. We expect a very hot Indian War."

NEW-YORK, July 14.

By Capt. Barber, who left Liſbon the 30th of May, we have a certain account of the death of King LOUIS the XVth of FRANCE; the Ambaſſador of that kingdom having acquainted his Majeſty of Portugal, in form, of this very important and truly intereſting event.

The demiſe of the gentle, human, and univerſally beloved King of France, is like to produce an extenſive variety of conſequences, affecting the political ſyſtems of every nation in Europe. The adminiſtration of the affairs of the new Monarch, Louis 16th, who was born Auguſt 23, 1754, and married May 16, 1770, to a ſiſter of the Emperor of Germany, will probably fall again into the Duke of Choiſeuil's hands (a much abler ſpeculiſt than his Grace of Aguillon; this laſt mentioned Nobleman was brought into the direction of the late King's buſineſs, through the influence of Madame Barre, whoſe dominion at Verſailles is now at an end) in which caſe the Courts of France & Spain will probably join in the execution of an enterprize concerted ever ſince the commencement of the laſt peace, for during the negociation of it, the injunction of Madame de Pompadour, a former favourite of Louis 15, was, "Labour, my "dear Choiſeuil, to make peace on the moſt rea-"ſonable conditions that may be; after which "prepare for war."—Amongſt the many other effects produced from the departure of this pacific King, the inhabitants of America may, without preſumption, hope for ſuch an alteration in the preſent affairs as will remove all complaints, and conciliate the affections of every ſoul upon this powerful continent, whoſe force when heartily joined in the cauſe of Great-Britain, againſt her enemies, howſoever powerful, may eminently contribute to conquer the Spaniards and the Gauls, and to perpetuate to the Mother Country, the rank of ſole Arbitreſs of the Univerſe.

BOSTON, July 25.

A Correſpondent from an inland Part of the Country informs us, that he has fallen upon the following ſhort and comprehenſive Model of an Agreement, which bids fair to give univerſal Satisfaction.

WE the Subſcribers Inhabitants of the Town of———, do ſincerely and truly covenant and agree to and with each other, that we will not for ourſelves or any for or under us purchaſe or conſume any Goods, Wares or Manufactures which ſhall be imported from Great-Britain after the 31ſt of Auguſt 1774, until the Congreſs of Deputies from the ſeveral Colonies ſhall determine what Articles (if any) to except, and that we will thereafter reſpecting the Uſe and Conſumption of ſuch Britiſh Articles as may not be excepted religiouſly abide by the Determinations of ſaid Congreſs. (2)

ONE GUINEA REWARD.

WHEREAS on or about the 14th Inſtant, ſome evil-minded Perſon or Perſons entered the North Battery in this Town, and took the Halliards from the Flag Staff—Whoever will diſcover the Thief or Thieves ſo that he or they may be brought to Juſtice, ſhall be paid the above Reward. NAT. BARBER, Capt.

Boſton, July 22, 1774.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.

WHEREAS laſt Wedneſday Night the Accompting-Houſe of the Subſcriber was broke open, and ſundry Things ſtole, viz, 1 blue Surtuit Coat with Blue Buttons, 1 Thicket ditto without Lining, 1 ſmall Looking Glaſs, one Beaver Hat, 2 50s. Piece, 2 Dollars and and about 20s. O. T. in Coppers, and ſundry other Things. Whoever will give Information, ſo that the Perſon who ſtole them may be brought to Juſtice, ſhall have Five Dollars Reward. JOHN NEWELL.

Boſton, July 23, 1774.

FOR LONDON,

Thr Brigantine BETSEY, about 120 Tons burthen, JAMES WISHART Maſter,

WILL ſail from Plymouth with all convenient ſpeed, having the greateſt Part of her Cargo on board and engag'd:—For Freight or Paſſage apply to the Maſter on board, or at Mr. Solomon Davis's Store in Boſton. ———Who has for Sale———

Choice Port and Teneriffe WINE.

WANTED in a ſmall Family,

A Maid that can be well recommended.

Inquire of the Printers.

TO BE SOLD,

The Leaſe of a Farm in Lancaſter,

(lately belonging to Michael Trollett, *Eſq; deceaſed) for the Term of ten Years and nine Months from the 10th of* July *inſtant, together with all the Crop upon the Ground, and Hay in the Barn, with or without the Stock, and Farming Utenſils belonging thereto. The Farm conſiſts of 38 Acres of Mowing, Paſturing and Tillage, and 8 Acres of Wood Land, with Liberty to cut what Wood may be neceſſary for Firing. The Houſe has lately been thoroughly repair'd, paper'd and painted, it has two Rooms on a Floor of more than 20 Feet each, a very large Kitchen and Dairy Room, a large Barn, with good Stable and Coach Houſe, and Conveniences for a large Stock of horn'd Cattle, a Corn Houſe and two Poultry Houſes, in a large Poultry Yard well fenc'd, a large Garden handſomely laid out and well ſtor'd with a Variety of the beſt Fruit Trees, and newly fenc'd: it is in every Part in thorough good Repair, and ſuitable for any Gentleman who may incline to retire to an agreeable Neighbourhood, and moſt pleaſing Situation; it ſtands upon an Eminence, and commands the View of an extenſive Interval, terminated by a Hill of Woods. Any Perſon inclining to purchaſe the Premiſes, may apply to* RICHARD LECHMERE *of* Boſton, *who has Power to diſpoſe of the ſame.*

N. B. *There is alſo a large Shop belonging to it ſuitable for any Sort of Buſineſs.*

CHEAP GOODS.

There is now Selling off, by Wholeſale and Retail, at BICKER's Auction Room near the Market, Boſton. Moſt kinds of Engliſh, India and Scotch GOODS, Among which are many Articles ſuitable for the Fall Trade. (6 w.)

PUBLIC VENDUE.

THIS and TO-MORROW Evening, At BICKER's Auction-Room, Near the Market, BOSTON.

Where will be Sold a great Variety of GOODS, Among which are

Twenty Pieces Iriſh Linnens, Cotton Checks, Calicoes, Patches, Painted Linnens, Broad Cloths, Serges, Men's and Women's Cotton and Thread Hoſe, Handkerchiefs, ſundry ſorts Hard-Ware, ſeveral Feather Beds, 2 Fowling Pieces, 3 Deſks, 3 Silver Watches, ſecond-hand Wearing Apparel, &c. &c. &c.

M. BICKER, Auctioneer.

The Sale will begin This & To-morrow Evening 8 Clock.

WHEREAS publick Notice has been given to the Proprietors of a Townſhip lying on both Sides Little-Amaraſcoggin River, in the County of Cumberland, in the late Province of Maine, granted by the Great and General Court on the 12th Day of June, A. D. 1771, to Capt. Joſhua Fuller, and others, of the Taxes that have been granted on their Rights in ſaid Townſhip; ſeveral of which Proprietors are delinquent in the Payment of ſaid Taxes: They are therefore hereby Notified that unleſs they Pay ſaid Taxes to DAVID SANGER, of Watertown, Collector and Treaſurer for ſaid Proprietors, by One o'Clock in the Afternoon of the 31ſt Day of Auguſt next, their reſpective Rights will be Sold (as the Law directs) for the Payment of their Taxes and Incidental Charges: The Sale to begin at 10 o'Clock in ſaid Afternoon, at the Dwelling Houſe of Mr. ISAAC GLEASON, Innholder in Waltham, and continued (if need be) by Adjournment till the whole be Sold.

June 30, 1774. ALEX. SHEPARD, JOSIAH BROWN, JOSIAH BIGG, } Committee for Sale.

Choice Cheſhire Cheeſe,

to be Sold by ELIZABETH PERKINS in King-Street.

TO BE SOLD or LET,

By Thomas Robinſon,

A Brewery and two Malt Houſes in NEWPORT, capable of manufacturing 6000 buſhels of Barley, with every Conveniency, as Cellars, &c. for carrying on the Buſineſs of Brewing; a great Plenty of the beſt of Barley is raiſed in this Colony, from whence the Brewery may be ſupply'd cheaper than in any Colony in America. An Engliſh Brewer who comes well recommended may alſo be hired to conduct the Brewing and Malting. Any Perſon that inclines to purchaſe, may by giving good Security have one or more Years to pay the Money: For further Information apply to PHILIP DUMARESQ in Boſton, or THOMAS ROBINSON in Newport, Rhode-Iſland.

All Perſons who have any Demands on the Eſtate of Captain *Barnabas Binney*, deceaſed, late of Boſton, are deſired to bring in their Accounts immediately to his Son *Barnabas Binney*, Sole Executor: And all Perſons indebted to ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to make Payment to the ſame as ſoon as poſſible.

LAST Tueſday Afternoon was ſtolen out of the Houſe of the Subſcriber, a Silver Watch, China Face, crack'd a-croſs the ſame, and inſide the Caſe a Print repreſenting Curioſity, with a ſtript Luteſtring Ribbon for a String, a white Stone Seal on the ſame, with an Anchor engraved thereon, Maker's Name Rob. Rich, London, No. 2972. Whoever ſhall apprehend the Thief or Thieves, and return the Watch to the Subſcriber, ſhall have Three Dollars Reward.

Malden, July 22, 1774. ELISHA STORY.

ALL Perſons Indebted to, or that have any Demands on the Eſtate of Mr. EDWARD SPRAGUE, late of Boſton, Houſewright, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their Accounts to Martha Sprague, Adminiſtratrix on ſaid Eſtate, in Order for Settlement.

Four Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from his Maſter MARK HUNKING of Barrington, in New Hampſhire, a Negro Servant named CÆSAR:—Had on when he went away, a ſtriped homeſpun lappel'd Waiſtcoat, a Tow Shirt, black Serge Breeches, grey Jacket, a pair of Breeches and Jacket of a black and Hemlock dye, ſtriped Tow Trowſers, black and white Yarn Stockings. He is a ſtrait Limb'd Fellow about 5 Feet nine Inches high, very white Teeth, ſmiling Countenance; was bro't up to Farming Work. —Whoever ſhall take up ſaid Runaway, and ſecure him ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have Four Dollars Reward, and all neceſſary Charges paid by MARK HUNKING.

N. B. All Maſters of Veſſels and others are forbid carrying him off, as they would avoid the penalty of the Law. *Barrington, July 12, 1774.*

A Young Woman with a good Breaſt of Milk, that can be well recommended, would be glad to go into a Gentleman's Family to ſuckle. Inquire of Edes and Gill.

TO BE SOLD,

ON THURSDAY NEXT,

By *BENJAMIN CHURCH,*

At FOUR o'Clock in the Afternoon,

A General Aſſortment of European Articles, Linnens, Woollens, Checks, &c. &c. Some Houſe Furniture, an 8-Day Clock, Mehogany Caſe of Draws, Watches, &c. &c.—At Four o Clock, P. M—

TO BE SOLD,

The Houſe known by the Name of CONCERT HALL. Enquire of *William Turner*, who has a great Collection of MUSIC which he will ſell at the Sterling Coſt without Charges, viz.

The Periodical Overtures to No. 36, Two Setts of Bach's do. One Sett Schwindl's 1ſt Opera. Two Setts Able's 1ſt and 7th Opera, Handel's 65 Overtures, Ferrari's Quartetts, Lord Kelly's and Stamitz's do. Barbandt's Sinfonias, Lord Kelly's Overtures, Humphries, Stanley's, Aviſon's, Corelli's Albertie's, Geminiani's, Heaſe's & Felton's Concertos, Campionis, Trios, Fiſher's Overtures, Barthelemon's do. 1 Sett Bach's Songs, and 4 Violins.

N. B. Said *Turner* continues to teach Cotillons at the above-mentioned Hall, Fencing alſo.

New AUCTION-ROOM, Cornhill.

On WEDNESDAY NEXT, at TEN o'Clock, Will be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE, At GREENLEAF's Auction-Room, A large Aſſortment of Engliſh Goods as uſual—Alſo ſome Houſe Furniture.

WM. GREENLEAF, Auctioneer.

The Sale will begin at Ten o'Clock preciſely.

Burials in the Town of BOSTON, ſince our laſt.
Four Whites. NO Black.
Baptiz'd in the ſeveral Churches, Fourteen.

High Water at BOSTON, *for the preſent Week.*

Monday, 36 min. aft. 2 — Friday, 31 min. aft. 4
Tueſday, 23 min. aft. 2 — Saturday, 20 min. aft. 5
Wedneſday, 11 m. aft. 3 — Lord's-Day, 5 m. aft. 6
Thurſday, 50 min. aft. 3 — D's laſt Qr. 30D 3 M.

(1) Iſaac Winſlow. (2) Pemberton. X See Covenant, Pa. 519. (1) See Gage Proclamation, Pa. 525. & Proteſts, Pa. 523. (2) See Index, under Congreſs Continental

Boſton Public Library, Rare Books Department

Meſſieurs EDES & GILL,

Please to inſert the following.

A Serious Call from the Town of *Boſton*, to the *Maſſachuſetts*, and all the other Colonies in North-America, to join with them in ſetting apart ſome Time for extraordinary Prayer, at this alarming Criſis of our public Affairs, when threatened to be deprived of every Thing that is dear and valuable.

The Time determined upon to meet at the Throne of Grace as above propoſed, is from ſeven to eight o'Clock every Lord's-Day Morning, and to continue 'till all the Grievances that we juſtly complain of are removed.

It is ſeaſonable, and neceſſary, and what God himſelf hath directed to, to call upon him in the Day of Trouble; and he has encouraged us to do it, by promiſing Succeſs. Moreover, this has been done by the People of God in all Ages of the Church, and they never failed of Succeſs, when it has been accompanied with a univerſal Repentance, and turning to God which is what we would earneſtly recommend and urge.

Our preſent Embarraſments are well known, and to whom ſhould we look but to God, through Jeſus Chriſt? Vain is the Help of Man. The Name of the Lord is a ſtrong Tower, whereinto the Righteous run, and are ſafe. And he is able to turn the Counſel of every Ahithophel into Fooliſhneſs, and to do exceeding abundantly above all that we are able to aſk, or Think. Through God we may do valiantly, and tread them under that riſe up againſt us. And ſhould not one City go to another City, and ſay, Let us go ſpeedily to pray before the Lord? What more adviſeable? And what can be more agreeable to all ſerious People, who are now trembling for the Ark of God?

Our Rights and Privileges which we derive from God, and Nature, and our moſt excellent Conſtitution, are in the utmoſt Danger, and unleſs God ſhould appear for us and lend his Help, deplorable will our Caſe be, and that of Poſterity. The Glory would depart from us, and a Train of Evils would follow, the remote Proſpect of which is enough to make a Perſon of any Thought at all to ſhudder. Dark Days we have ſeen, but none ſo dark as the preſent. It is a very melancholy, diſtreſſing Time. But who knows what God may do in Anſwer to Prayer? Who knows but we may yet ſee good Days, according to the Days wherein we have ſeen Evil? If he ſhould pour out his Spirit upon us as a Spirit of Supplication, Humiliation, Reformation, Conviction, Converſion and Sanctification, we ſhould have no Reaſon to doubt but he would return, and viſit this Vine which his own Right Hand hath planted. Former Experience of remarkable Deliverances, are enough to ſatisfy us of Succeſs, and to put us upon the agreeable and neceſſary Duty now urged upon all, more eſpecially thoſe that have an Intereſt at the Throne of Grace.

To mention Inſtances of the Succeſs of Prayer upon ſacred Record, would be almoſt endleſs, and altogether needleſs, as we truſt there is a Bible in every Houſe, and that it is daily look'd into.—All that we would mention further here, is, by Way of ſerious Quere; Whether a Neglect of Prayer at ſuch a Time as this, would not be an unpardonable Neglect? And a Non Compliance with the above Propoſal, a ſad Evidence that God deſigns us for Ruin? The whole Province, and all the Colonies being connected with us.

And altho' our particular Errand at the Throne of Grace is the Removal of our Grievances, and the Reſtoration of Peace to the Mother Country and Colonies; yet we ſhould not be unmindful of the riſing Generation, That the Offspring of our Chriſtian Heroes may never be the Plague of the Church and Country, but a Seed to ſerve the Lord; that ſo the Religion of Jeſus may be handed down in its Purity, from one Generation to another, till Time ſhall be no more.

N. B. *The Time to begin the propos'd Exerciſe, is the next Lord's Day Morning after the Receipt of this Propoſal; and from thence to be continued, either in the Family or Cloſet, 'till our Sorrow is turned into Joy.*

P. S. *The Printers in the other Colonies are deſired to publiſh the above in their Papers.*

Benjamin Goldthwait

Would inform his Friends, Kind Cuſtomers and others, That he has juſt received by Capt Loring from London a ſmall Invoice of GOODS, *ſuitable to the preſent Seaſon, viz. Exceeding neat figur'd Jeanet, Thread ditto, plain, colour'd and white ditto; Alſo, very neat Silk Jeans, fine white Iriſh Tick for Waiſtcoats and Breeches, white corded Dimothy, Silk hair Patterns, ſtriped Damaſtus, with ſundry other Articles.——The above being a Conſignment, will be Sold very low.*

☞ *The Taylor's Buſineſs is carried on as uſual at his Shop juſt above Concert Hall, in all its various Branches, in the genteeleſt Manner, and with the utmoſt Diſpatch.*

Embroidery in Gold, Silver and Twiſt, as done in the beſt Manner at ſaid Shop.

Juſt Publiſhed, and Sold by EDES *and* GILL, *in Queen-Street, [Price 9d.]*

The Nature and Effects of Drunkenneſs conſidered; with an Addreſs to Tavern-Keepers, to Parents, and young People, relating to the Subject—In TWO DISCOURSES, delivered at NATICK, the laſt Lord's Day in October, 1773.

By STEPHEN BADGER, A. M.
Paſtor of the Chriſtian Society there.

ALSO,

The Memoirs of the Life of the Rev. GEORGE WHITEFIELD, A. M.

Late Chaplain to the Counteſs of Huntingdon.

In which every circumſtance worthy of notice, both in his private and public character is recorded. Faithfully ſelected from his original papers, journals and letters. Illuſtrated with a variety of intereſting and entertaining Anecdotes, from the beſt authority.

To which is added, a particular account of his Death and Funeral; and Extracts from the Sermons which were Preached on that Occaſion.

Compiled by the Rev. JOHN GILLIES, D. D.

Where likewiſe may be had, (Juſt Publiſhed,)

LIBERTY TRIUMPHANT; *or the downfall of* OPPRESSION.——Being a Characatura of the Deſtruction of the TEA at New-York.

MASSACHUSETTS-BAY.

By the GOVERNOR.

A PROCLAMATION

For the Encouragement of Piety and Virtue, and for preventing and puniſhing of Vice, Profaneneſs and Immorality.

IN humble Imitation of the laudable example of our moſt gracious Sovereign GEORGE the third, who in the firſt year of his reign was pleaſed to iſſue his royal proclamation for the encouragement of piety and virtue, and for preventing of vice and immorality, in which he declares his royal purpoſe to puniſh all perſons guilty thereof; and upon all occaſions to beſtow marks of his royal favour on perſons diſtinguiſhed for their piety and virtue:

I therefore, by and with the advice of his Majeſty's council, publiſh this proclamation, exhorting all his Majeſty's ſubjects to avoid all Hypocriſy, Sedition, Lasciviouſneſs, and all other immoralities, and to have a grateful ſenſe of all God's Mercies, making the divine laws the rule of their conduct.

I therefore, command all Judges, Juſtices, Sheriffs, and other officers, to uſe their utmoſt endeavours to enforce the laws for promoting religion and virtue, and reſtraining all vice and fedition; and I earneſtly recommend to all miniſters of the Goſpel that they be vigilant and active in inculcating a due ſubmiſſion to the laws of God and man; and I exhort all the people of this province, by every means in their power, to contribute what they can towards a general reformation of manners, reſtitution of peace and good order, and a proper ſubjection to the laws, as they expect the bleſſing of Heaven.

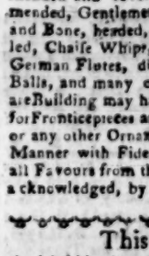
And I do further declare, that in the diſpoſal of the offices of honour and truſt, within this province, the ſupporters of true religion and good government ſhall be conſidered as the fitteſt objects of ſuch appointments.

And I hereby require the Juſtices of Aſſize, and Juſtices of the peace in this province, to give firſt charge to the grand jurors for the proſecution of offenders againſt the laws: And that, in their ſeveral courts they cauſe this proclamation to be publicly read immediately before the charge is given.

Given at the Council Chamber in Salem, the 21ſt day of July, 1774, in the fourteenth Year of the reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE *the third, by the Grace of* GOD, *of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.* THOS. GAGE.

By his Excellency's command,
THOS. FLUCKER, Secry.

GOD ſave the KING.



UMBRELLAS

of all Sizes and Prices, made in the neateſt Manner with Ivory and Bone Handles to ſcrew, alſo more common Mehogany or Maple Handled ditto, Ladies that would buy Cheap and good, call at ISAAC GREENWOOD, Ivory Turner's Shop, next Shop to Dr. CLARKE, North-End, Boſton; where you may have your old Umbrella ſticks mended and covered, your Ivory and bone ſtick Fans mended, Gentlemen may have India Canes, neat Ivory and Bone, headed, Hickery Stick, Ivory or Bone, handled, Chaiſe Whips, Hidrometers for proving Spirits, German Flutes, ditto Tiped with Ivory Fife, Billiard Balls, and many other Articles. Such Gentlemen as are Building may have their Baniſters and Poſts, Pillers for Frontice pieces and Portticoes, Balls and Flower Pots, or any other Ornaments, turned or twiſted in the neateſt Manner with Fidelity and Diſpatch at the above Shop, all Favours from thoſe that have and ſhall imploy duly acknowledged, by their humble Servant,

ISAAC GREENWOOD.

This Day Publiſhed,

And Sold by JOHN KNEELAND, next to the Treaſurer's Office in Milk-Street, Price Six Coppers.

EXTRACT of a SERMON, preached at the South Church in Boſton, Nov. 27th, 1746. By the Rev. Mr. THOMAS PRINCE, occaſioned by the ſurprizing Appearance of divine Providence for North-America, in the Deſtruction of the French Fleet and Army, ſent to Chebuckrah the preceeding Summer. And reprinted at this Time with a View to encourage and animate the People of GOD to put their Truſt in Him, and to call upon his Name, under the ſevere and keen Diſtreſſes now taking Place in Boſton and Charleſtown, by the rigorous Execution of the Boſton-PORT-BILL.

Thomas Turner

Begs Leave to inform the Public,

That he has opened a School oppoſite the Rev. Dr. COOPER's Meeting-Houſe, where he teaches Dancing in the politeſt Manner, and doubts not of giving Satisfaction to Gentlemen or Ladies, who would chooſe to recommend their Children to him, to acquire ſo eligible an Accompliſhment. Likewiſe the uſeful Art of Fencing, agreeable to the beſt Rules eſtabliſh'd for that Purpoſe.

N. B. Due Care ſhall be taken that the greateſt Decency and good Manners be obſerv'd by his Scholars.

Suſanna Renken,

INFORMS her Cuſtomers and others, That ſhe has removed from Fore-ſtreet, to a little above the Hay-Market, where ſhe has for Sale, a Variety of

English and India GOODS,

Groceries of all Sorts, Weſt-India & New-England Rum.

WANTS a Place, a Perſon who can take Care of Horſes, drive a Coach, and would be very uſeful about a Gentleman's Houſe. He can be recommended for Honeſty, Sobriety and Diligence. Enquire at the Printers.

TAKEN up by me the Subſcriber in Pomfret, the 20th of May laſt, a brown Mare, about 14 Hands high, 14 or 15 Years old, Paces and Trots, is bad to catch, bad to get on, but very good after mounted. Said Mare has a Number of white Spots on her Back, a ſmall white Streak acroſs her Noſe, occaſioned by an Halter, one hind Foot white. The Owner may have her, by applying to me the Subſcriber, and paying the Charges. ISRAEL PUTNAM.

CREAM WARE.

Two Crates of elegant Cream Pencil Ware, one Crate of Gally Pots, ſeveral Bags Spiker, Deck and Sheathing Nails of different ſizes, ſix Barrels of Durham Muſtard in quarter Pound Bottles, a few Poxes 18 Inch Tip'd Pipes, one Caſe of Hats from Beaver to Felts, with a few Pipes of quarter Caſks of Fyal Wines, to be Sold cheap, By

William Hoſkins.

To be Sold cheap at Store No. 14, Long Wharf,

A few Tierces and Barrels MELASES,

Caſks of beſt Sort of Rice, and Barrels of Coffee.

WANTED,

A Negro Man from 28 to 30 Years of Age, that will ſteal, lie and get Drunk. Any Perſon having ſuch an one to diſpoſe of, may hear of a Purchaſer by applying to the Printers here.

Province of the Maſſachuſetts-Bay. } *To the Hon*ble. Samuel Dexter, *Eſq; one of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace through the ſaid Province.*

We the Subſcribers, Proprietors of a Townſhip, granted by the Great and General Court of the Province aforeſaid, at their Seſſion in February laſt, to *John Gardner*, and others, in Lieu of a Townſhip, Number Six in the Line of Towns between *Connecticut* and *Merrimack Rivers*, loſt by the late Settlement of *New-Hampſhire*—requeſt your Honour to call a Meeting of ſaid Proprietors to be on Monday the 29th Day of *Auguſt* next, at the Houſe of *Jonathan Wood*, Eſq; Innholder in *Stow*, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, then and there to chooſe a Moderator for ſaid Meeting, alſo to chooſe a Proprietor's Clerk, Treaſurer, and any other Proprietary Officers; to Grant ſuch Sum or Sums of Money, as may be needful to diſcharge any Debts already due from ſaid Proprietors, or to diſcharge any future Demands; to agree on Some Method for calling Proprietors Meetings for the future. Alſo to agree on ſome Method for laying out ſaid Townſhip into Lots, and to do any other Thing proper for bringing forward the Settlement of ſaid Townſhip.

Stow, June 15, 1774.

John Whitcomb,
Jonathan Loring,
Henry Gardner,
Abner Cranſon,
Micah Keyt,
Daniel Hapgood,
Samuel Curtis.

Province of the Maſſachuſetts-Bay.

(Seal.) *To* Henry Gardner, *of* Stow, *in the County of* Middleſex, *Eſq; one of the principal Proprietors of the Townſhip aforementioned,* Greeting.

In purſuance of the foregoing Appliecation and Requeſt, you are hereby required to give Notice, in Time and Manner as the Law directs, to the Proprietors of the Townſhip aforeſaid, that they meet at the Time and Place, and for the Purpoſes expreſſed in the aforewritten Petition. Given under my Hand and Seal, this this ſixth Day of July, Anno Domini, 1774, and in the fourteenth Year of his Majeſty's Reign.

SAMUEL DEXTER, a Juſtice of the Peace through the Province of the Maſſachuſetts-Bay.

Stow, July 6th, 1774.

By Virtue of the above Warrant to me directed, The Proprietors above mentioned, are required to meet at Time and Place above-mentioned, for the Purpoſe aforeſaid.

HENRY GARDNER.

Boſton: Printed, by EDES & GILL, *in Queen-Street,* 1774.

See Grievances, 1774, &c. ✓ See the Charter, 1774, Vol. 2.